GROUP 7

127 questions

ABC categories · theory questions

1. **Which vehicles are permitted to park?**



1. Only the motorcycle.
2. Only the truck.
3. Only the passenger car.
4. **The passenger car and the motorcycle.**
5. All vehicles.

Answer: 4

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2. **Parking is prohibited:**

1. On bridges, elevated roadways, and overpasses.
2. Under bridges, elevated roadways, and overpasses.
3. **In all of the listed cases.**

Answer: 3

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3. **Is it permitted to drop off a passenger at a location where a solid yellow line is marked on the upper surface of the curb and a “No Stopping” sign is posted?**

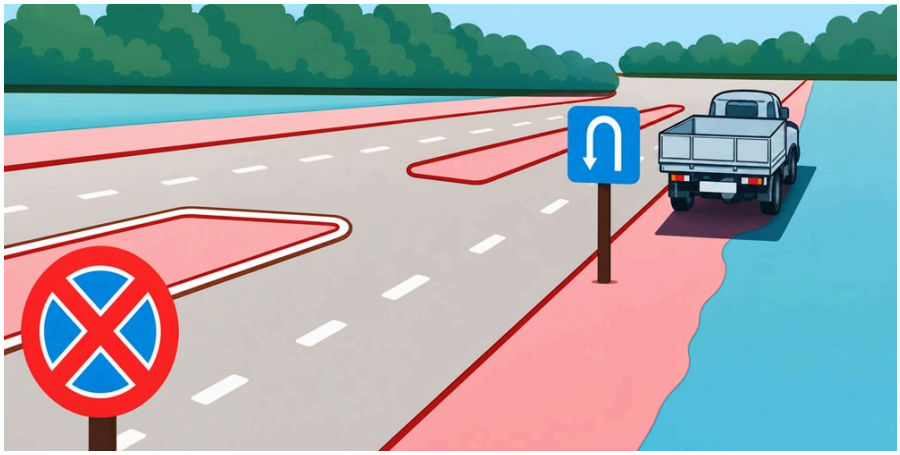


1. Permitted.
2. **Prohibited.**
3. Permitted if no public transit vehicles are present.
4. Permitted only for public transit vehicles.

Answer: 2

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4. **Does the prohibitory sign apply to the section of road where the driver has stopped?**

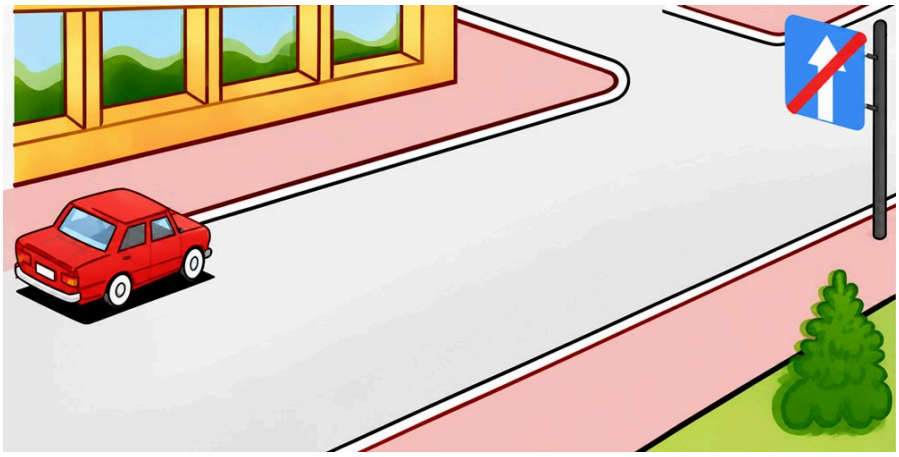


1. **Yes.**
2. No.

Answer: 1

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5. Is parking the automobile at the indicated location permitted?



1. **Permitted.**
2. Prohibited.

Answer: 1

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6. Within what distance of a railroad crossing is parking prohibited?

1. 300 m.
2. 150 m.
3. 100 m.
4. 50 m.
5. **25 m.**

Answer: 5

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7. In this situation, is stopping to drop off a passenger permitted?

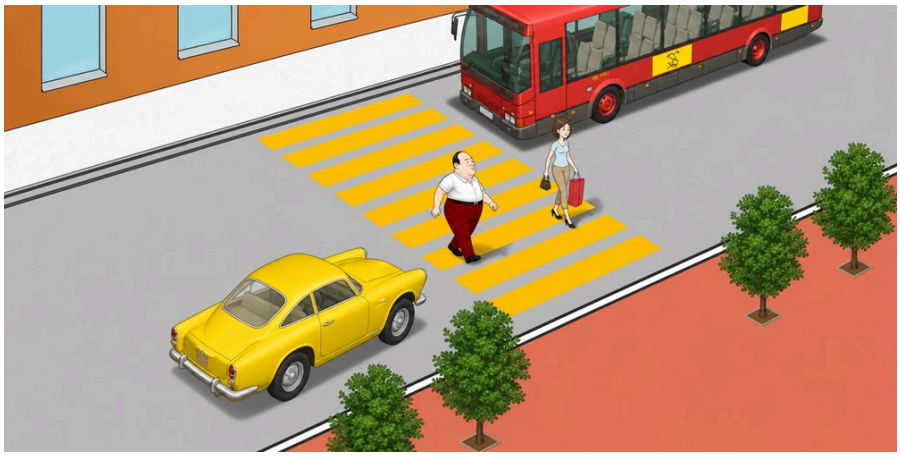


1. **Permitted if it does not interfere with the movement of public transit vehicles.**
2. Prohibited.

Answer: 1

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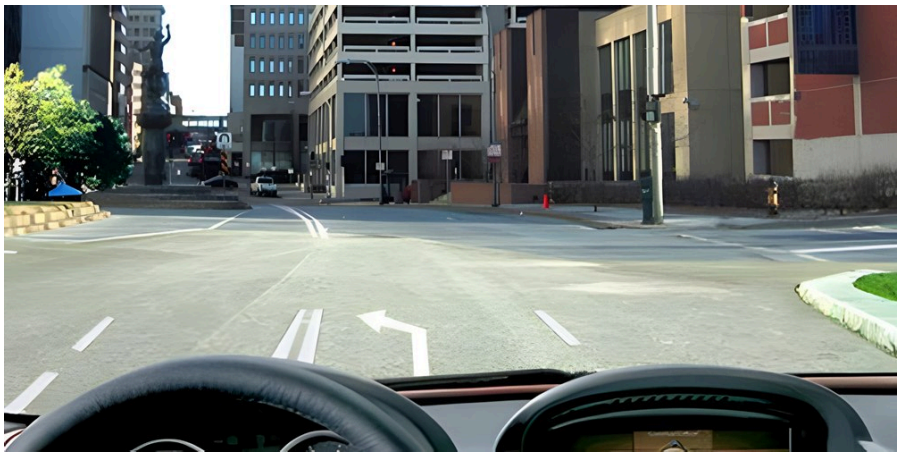
8. **Which driver is required to stop?**



1. **The passenger-car driver.**
2. The bus driver.
3. Both drivers.

Answer: 1

9. **This pavement marking permits traffic:**



1. To the left only.
2. **To the left and by making a U-turn.**
3. By making a U-turn only.
4. Straight ahead, to the left, and by making a U-turn.

Answer: 2

10. **Which vehicles are permitted to park within the area where this traffic sign is in effect?**



1. Only public transit vehicles.
2. **Vehicles driven by persons with disabilities and taxis with the taximeter activated.**

Answer: 2

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11. **What does this pavement marking indicate?**



1. A place for picking up and dropping off passengers.
2. **A public transit vehicle stop.**
3. A public transit vehicle stop and taxi parking area.

Answer: 2

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12. **What does the solid yellow horizontal pavement marking indicate?**



1. **A location where stopping and parking of vehicles are prohibited.**
2. A location where stopping is permitted to drop off passengers or unload the vehicle.
3. A location where parking of vehicles is prohibited.

Answer: 1

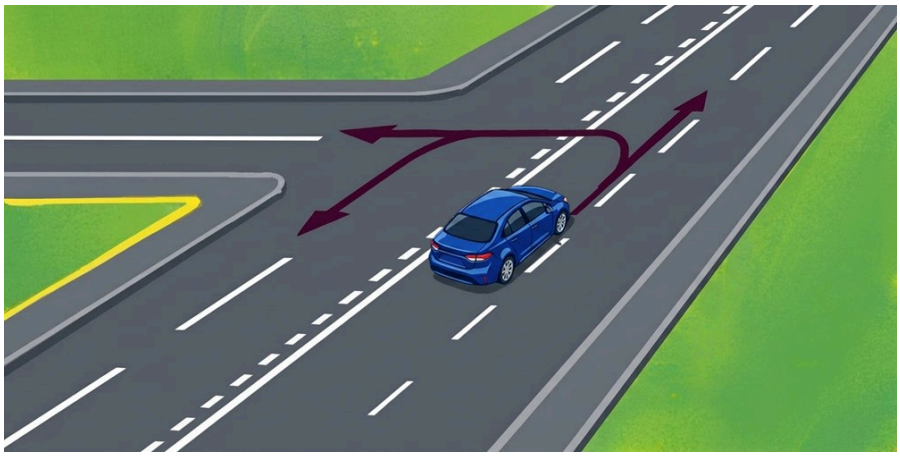
13. **Is the driver permitted to cross the solid pavement marking that indicates the boundaries of vehicle parking spaces?**



1. Prohibited.
2. **Permitted.**

Answer: 2

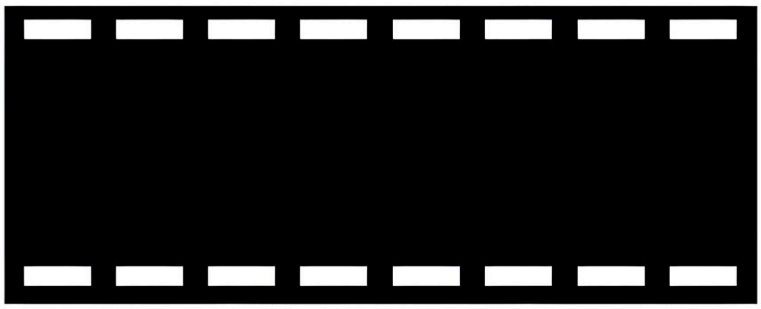
14. **In which direction or directions indicated by the arrows is traffic permitted?**



1. **Straight ahead only.**
2. To the left and by making a U-turn.
3. Straight ahead, to the left, and by making a U-turn.

Answer: 1

15. **What does this pavement marking indicate?**



1. A pedestrian crossing where traffic is controlled by a traffic signal.
2. **A location where a bicycle path crosses the roadway.**
3. A location where a pedestrian path crosses the roadway.

Answer: 2

16. **How many lanes does a road have when traffic flows in opposite directions are separated by double solid lines?**



1. Two lanes.
2. Two or three lanes.
3. Three lanes.
4. **Four or more lanes.**

Answer: 4

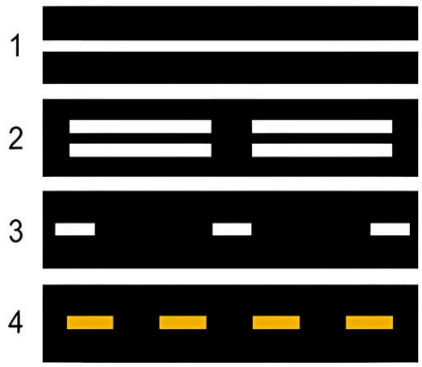
17. **What do the arrows marked on the roadway warn about?**



1. They warn the driver of an approaching hazardous section of road.
2. **They warn of an approaching end of the traffic lane.**
3. They indicate the direction of a hazardous turn in the road.

Answer: 2

18. **Which of these pavement-marking lines is used to designate lanes with reversible traffic?**



1. Line 1.
2. **Line 2.**
3. Line 3.
4. Lines 2 and 3.
5. Lines 3 and 4.

Answer: 2

19. **Where is the solid yellow line indicating locations where stopping and parking are prohibited marked?**



1. On the roadway.
2. Near the edge of the roadway.
3. **Near the edge of the roadway or on the upper surface of the curb.**
4. Only on the upper surface of the curb.

Answer: 3

20. **With which traffic sign may a broken yellow pavement marking be used?**



1. "No Stopping."
2. **"No Parking."**
3. "No Parking on Odd-Numbered Days of the Month."

Answer: 2

21. **Which vehicles are permitted to proceed in the right lane of the roadway?**



1. All motor vehicles.
2. Public transit vehicles and taxis.
3. Bicycles only.
4. **Public transit vehicles only.**

Answer: 4

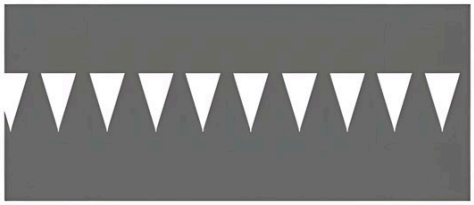
22. **This pavement marking has the following meaning:**



1. It indicates curbside parking spaces where the positioning of motor vehicles is specified.
2. It indicates locations where stopping of motor vehicles is prohibited.
3. **It indicates public transit vehicle stops and taxi parking areas.**

Answer: 3

23. **This horizontal pavement marking indicates:**



1. A narrowing of the roadway where the number of traffic lanes in the given direction decreases.
2. **A location where the driver must stop, if necessary, to yield to vehicles proceeding on the intersecting road.**
3. An approach to a location where stopping is prohibited.

Answer: 2

24. **Is it permitted to enter a channelizing island marked with wide white lines?**



1. Permitted only for stopping.
2. Permitted when backing.
3. **Prohibited.**

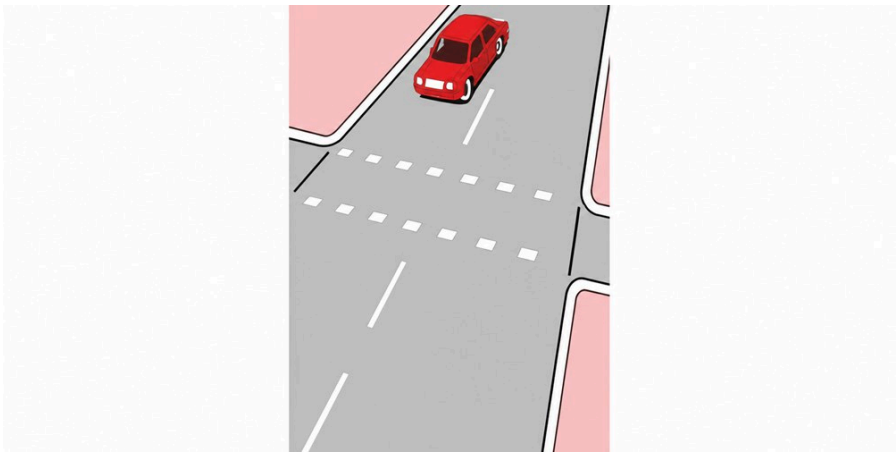
Answer: 3

25. **What should the driver do when approaching an intersection with a "Stop Line" pavement marking and a green traffic signal?**

1. Stop at the "Stop Line" and then resume driving.
2. **Proceed through the intersection without stopping.**

Answer: 2

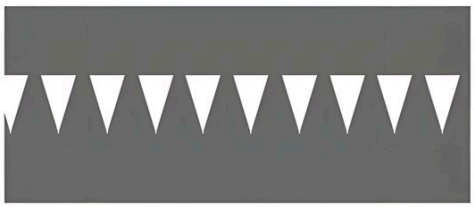
26. **What does this pavement marking indicate?**



1. A pedestrian crossing.
2. **A location where a bicycle path crosses the roadway.**
3. A location designated for driving livestock across the road.

Answer: 2

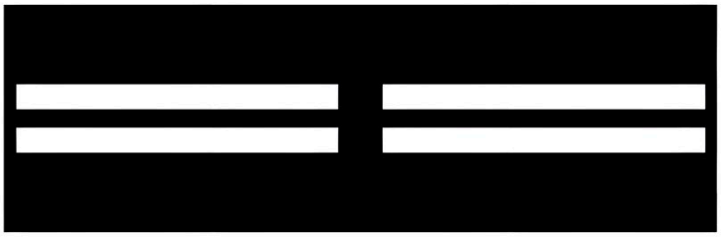
27. **Where must the driver stop the vehicle when this pavement marking is present?**



1. **At the pavement marking.**
2. On the pavement marking.
3. At least 5 m before the pavement marking.

Answer: 1

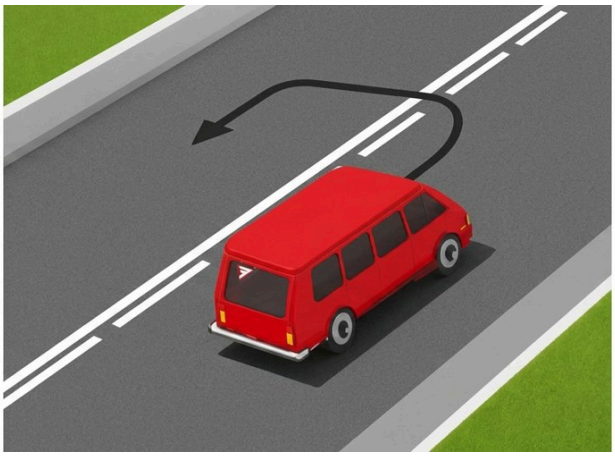
28. **What does this pavement marking mean?**



1. A traffic lane designated for public transit vehicles.
2. A traffic lane designated for special-purpose vehicles.
3. **It indicates the boundaries of traffic lanes where reversible traffic control is in effect.**

Answer: 3

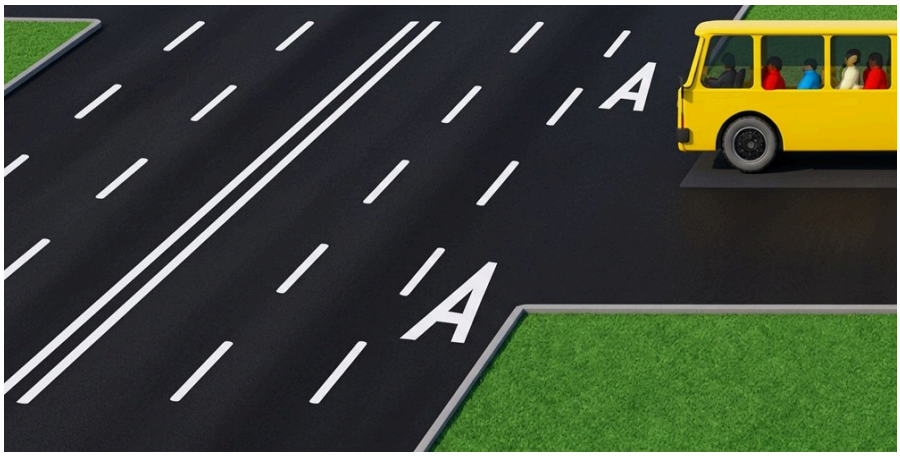
29. **Is it permitted to make a U-turn at the indicated location?**



1. **Permitted.**
2. Prohibited.

Answer: 1

30. **When this pavement marking is present, is the driver of a bus operating on a tourist route permitted to enter the lane marked "A"?**



1. **Permitted.**
2. Prohibited.

Answer: 1

31. What does the wide broken-line pavement marking indicate?



1. The boundary between the roadway and the shoulder.
2. **The boundary between a main traffic lane of the roadway and an acceleration lane.**
3. The boundary between a main traffic lane of the roadway and a deceleration lane.

Answer: 2

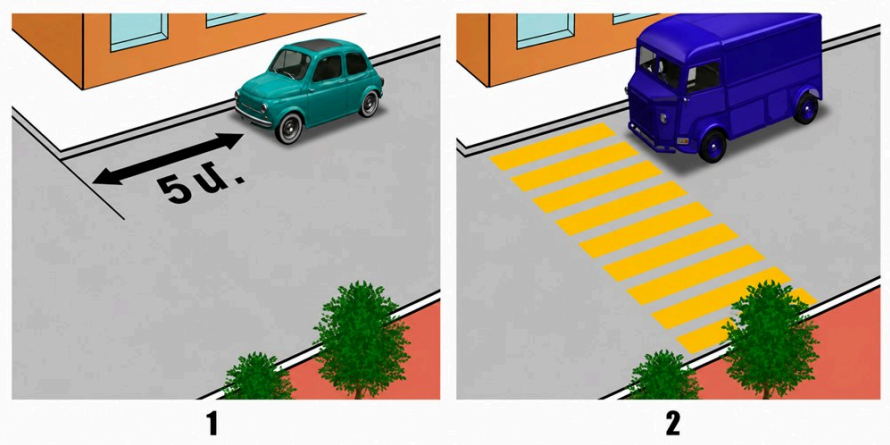
32. Which automobile is permitted to stop within the area where these signs are in effect?



1. The red automobile.
2. Both automobiles.
3. Neither automobile.
4. **The yellow automobile displaying the “Disabled” identification sign.**

Answer: 4

33. In which image has the driver stopped correctly to drop off passengers?



1. In the left image.
2. In both images.
3. In the right image.

Answer: 1

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34. The signal to stop a train is:

1. A circular motion of the arm (during daylight, with a brightly colored cloth or another clearly visible object; at night, with a torch or lantern).
2. An arm raised above the head holding a disk or red flag.
3. An arm extended forward.
4. An arm extended forward and moved up and down.

Answer: 1

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35. In populated areas, on roads with one traffic lane in each direction and no tram tracks in the center, stopping and parking on the left side of the road are:

1. Permitted.
2. Prohibited.

Answer: 1

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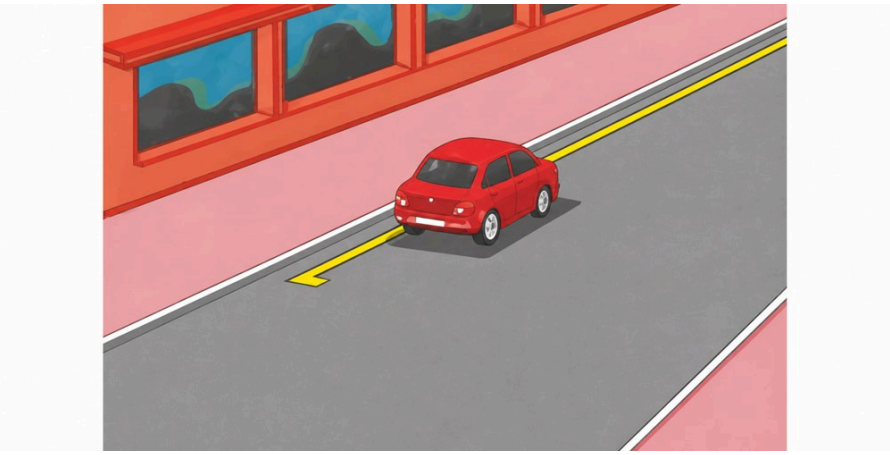
36. At what distance from the “Stop Line” or the “STOP” sign must a vehicle be stopped in order to yield to an approaching train?

1. 1.5 m.
2. 2.5 m.
3. 5 m.
4. 10 m.
5. Immediately at the “Stop Line” and/or the sign.

Answer: 5

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37. **Is stopping at the indicated location permitted?**



1. Permitted.
2. **Prohibited.**

Answer: 2

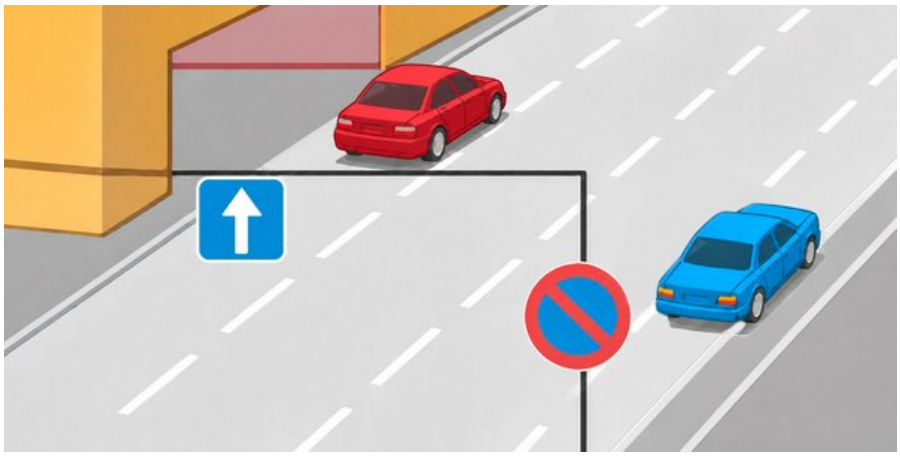
38. **Is the automobile permitted to stop at this location?**



1. Prohibited because the distance between the broken pavement marking and the stopped vehicle is less than 3 m.
2. Prohibited on even-numbered days of the month.
3. **Permitted.**

Answer: 3

39. **Which vehicle driver has violated the parking rules?**



1. The driver of the blue automobile.
2. The driver of the red automobile.
3. **Both drivers have violated the rules.**
4. Neither driver has violated the rules.

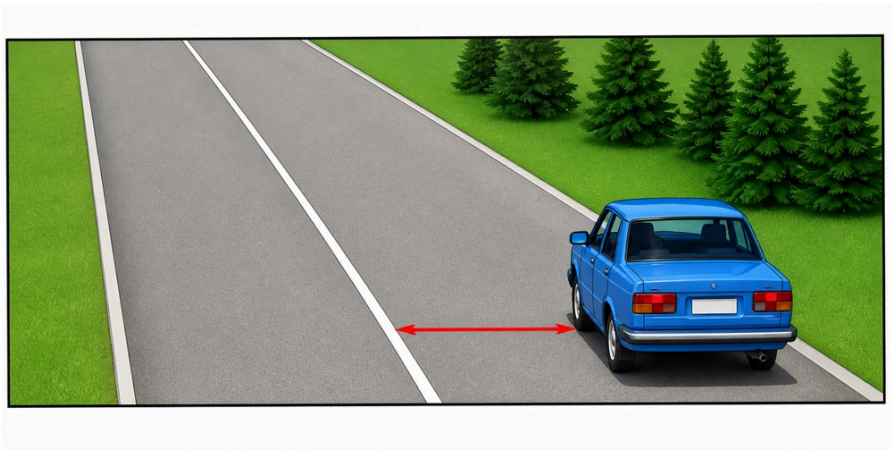
Answer: 3

40. **Outside populated areas, where is parking for extended rest, overnight stays, or other purposes permitted?**

1. On the shoulders of the road.
2. **In areas designated for parking or outside the boundaries of the road.**
3. On the right side of the roadway, provided it does not interfere with other vehicle traffic.
4. On the left side of the road, provided road traffic safety is ensured.

Answer: 2

41. **Stopping is prohibited if the distance between the solid line and the stopped vehicle is:**



1. 6 m.
2. 5.5 m.
3. 4 m.
4. 3.5 m.
5. **2.5 m.**

Answer: 5

42. **If traffic across a railroad crossing is prohibited and there are no traffic signals, traffic signs, pavement markings, or barrier gate, the driver must stop:**

1. At least 5 m from the nearest rail.
2. At least 7 m from the nearest rail.
3. **At least 10 m from the nearest rail.**

Answer: 3

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43. **Within what distance of a railroad crossing is vehicle parking prohibited?**

1. **15 m.**
2. 50 m.
3. 100 m.
4. 150 m.

Answer: 1

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44. **Which answer correctly identifies the drivers who have violated the stopping rules?**

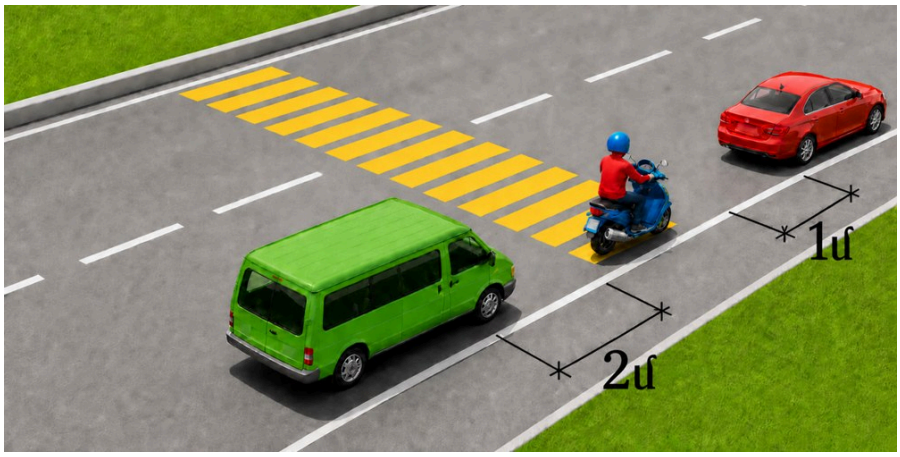


1. The drivers of the red automobile and the motorcycle.
2. The driver of the blue automobile.
3. The motorcycle operator.
4. **The drivers of all the vehicles.**

Answer: 4

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45. **Which vehicle drivers have stopped incorrectly to drop off passengers?**



1. The passenger-car driver.
2. The motorcycle operator.
3. The bus driver.
4. **The motorcycle operator and the bus driver.**
5. All drivers.

Answer: 4

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46. **If traffic across a railroad crossing is prohibited and there are no traffic signals, traffic signs, or pavement markings, the driver must stop:**

1. **At least 5 m before the barrier gate.**
2. At least 3 m before the barrier gate.
3. Immediately before the barrier gate.

Answer: 1

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47. **What does the letter "A" marked in a traffic lane of the roadway mean?**

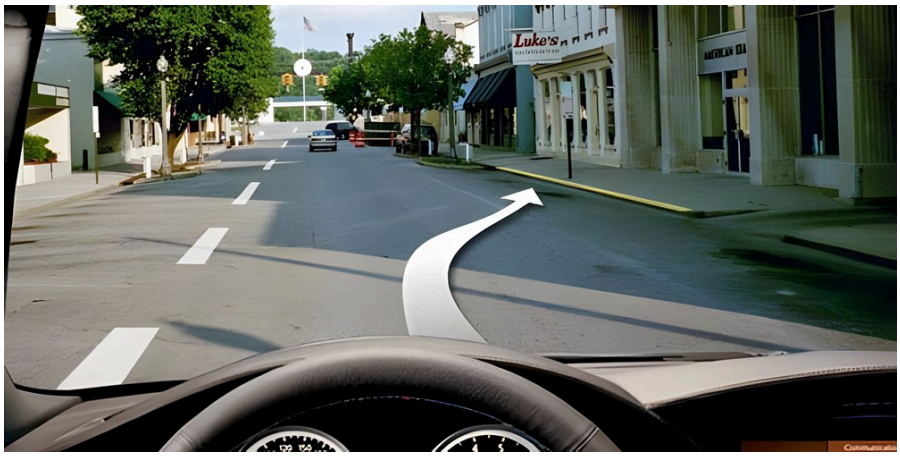


1. The road (route) number.
2. **A special lane designated for public transit vehicles.**
3. A special lane designated for category A vehicles.

Answer: 2

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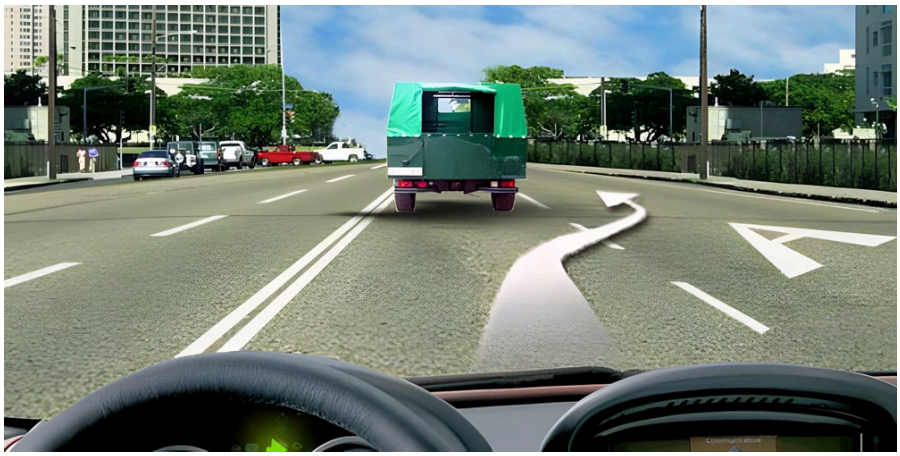
48. **Is the vehicle permitted to stop at the indicated location to drop off passengers?**



1. Permitted.
2. **Prohibited.**
3. Permitted, but only by driving onto the sidewalk.

Answer: 2

49. **Is it permitted to continue in the direction indicated by the arrow?**



1. Prohibited.
2. Permitted in all cases.
3. **Permitted for the purpose of stopping to drop off passengers.**
4. Permitted for the purpose of passing the truck.

Answer: 3

50. This type of vertical pavement marking indicates:



1. **The lower edges of a bridge or tunnel.**
2. The entrance to an unlit tunnel.
3. Any element of a road structure that creates a hazard for traffic.

Answer: 1

51. What should the passenger-car driver do if the bus driver has begun braking?



1. Continue driving.
2. **Reduce speed, stop if necessary, and continue after making sure there are no pedestrians in the crossing.**
3. Stop and continue only after the bus resumes driving.

Answer: 2

52. **The bus driver has stopped to pick up passengers. The passenger car is proceeding at a speed of 70 km/h. Which vehicle driver is violating the requirements of the traffic rules?**



1. **Neither driver.**
2. The bus driver.
3. The passenger-car driver.
4. Both drivers.

Answer: 1

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53. **Where must the driver stop in this situation?**



1. Stopping is not required.
2. Before the traffic signal.
3. **Before the “Stop Line” pavement marking.**
4. Before the intersection of the traffic lanes.

Answer: 3

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54. **The bus has stopped to yield to a pedestrian. In this situation, is the passenger-car driver violating the requirements of the traffic rules?**



1. **Yes.**
2. No.

Answer: 1

55. **Where must the bus driver stop in order to yield to the passenger car before continuing to the left?**



1. Before the traffic sign.
2. **At the pavement marking.**
3. At a safe location at the driver's discretion.

Answer: 2

56. **Where must the driver stop in this situation?**



1. At the first traffic sign.
2. **Before the “Stop Line” pavement marking.**
3. At the second traffic sign.
4. Stopping is not required.

Answer: 2

57. **Which vehicles are permitted to stop within the area where this sign is in effect?**



1. Only public transit vehicles.
2. Only vehicles driven by persons with disabilities.
3. Only taxis with the taximeter activated.
4. **Stopping is prohibited for all vehicles.**

Answer: 4

58. Within the area where these traffic signs are in effect, is stopping to pick up passengers permitted?



1. **Permitted.**
2. Prohibited.

Answer: 1

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59. For which vehicles is the lane marked with the letter "A" designated?



1. Only buses operating on an established route.
2. Trolleybuses and taxis.
3. **Public transit vehicles.**

Answer: 3

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60. Is stopping permitted at the indicated location?



1. **Yes.**
2. No.

Answer: 1

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61. Is parking permitted in this situation?

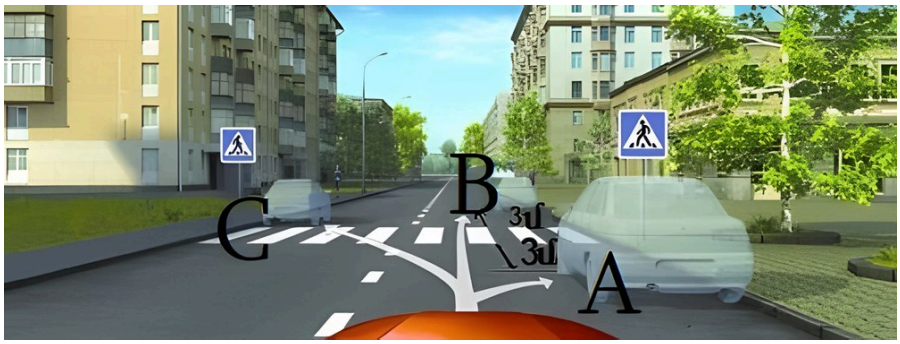


1. Yes.
2. Only during daylight hours.
3. **No.**

Answer: 3

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62. At which of the indicated locations is stopping permitted?

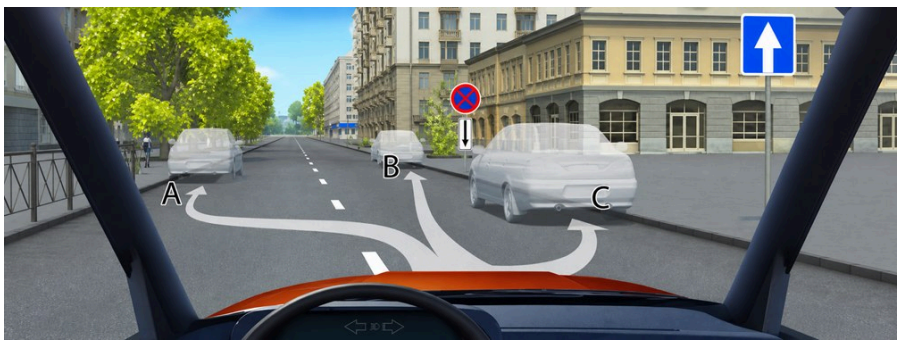


1. Only A.
2. **Only B.**
3. Only B and C.
4. At none of the locations.

Answer: 2

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63. At which location is stopping permitted?



1. Only B.
2. **Only A and B.**
3. Only A and C.
4. At none of the locations.

Answer: 2

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64. Is stopping permitted at the indicated location?



1. Yes.
2. **Prohibited.**
3. Only for the purpose of picking up a passenger.

Answer: 2

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65. In the indicated situation, is stopping permitted for the purpose of picking up a passenger?

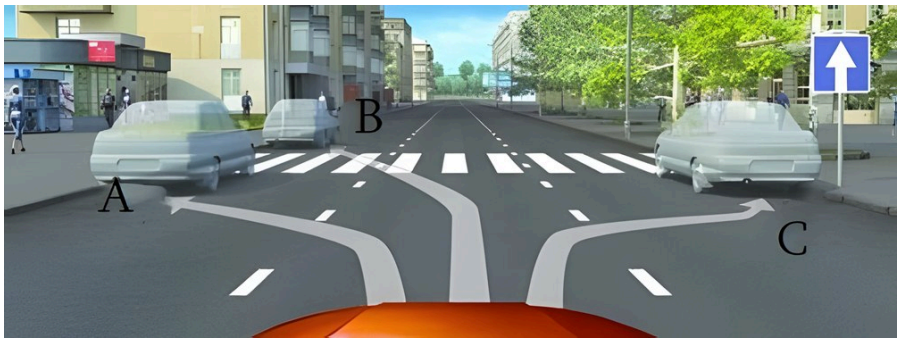


1. Yes.
2. **No.**

Answer: 2

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66. In which of the indicated cases is stopping permitted?



1. **Only B.**
2. Only C.
3. A and C.
4. In all cases.

Answer: 1

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67. Stopping is prohibited:

1. **At a railroad crossing.**
2. At a railroad crossing and within 50 m of it.
3. At a railroad crossing and within 50 m before it.

Answer: 1

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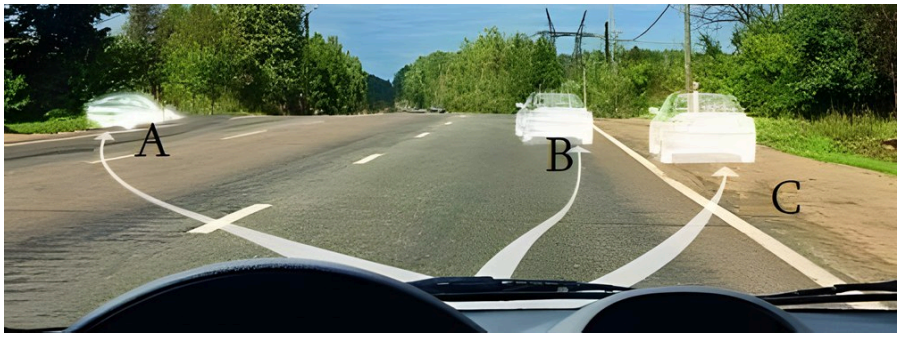
68. Parking is prohibited:

1. At a railroad crossing.
2. **At a railroad crossing and within 50 m of it.**
3. At a railroad crossing and within 50 m before it.

Answer: 2

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69. Which option shows a vehicle stopped correctly?



1. **Only C.**
2. Only A and C.
3. Only B and C.
4. In all three cases.

Answer: 1

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70. Must you yield to the truck?

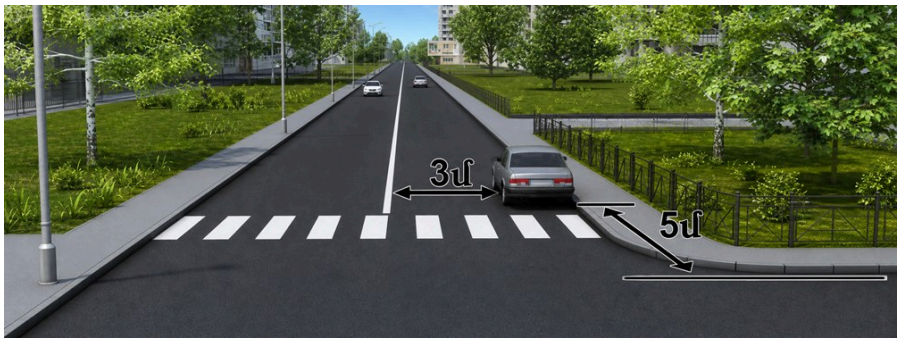


1. Yes.
2. **No.**

Answer: 2

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71. Stopping at the indicated location is:



1. **Permitted.**
2. Prohibited.

Answer: 1

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72. When is it permitted to cross the pavement marking?

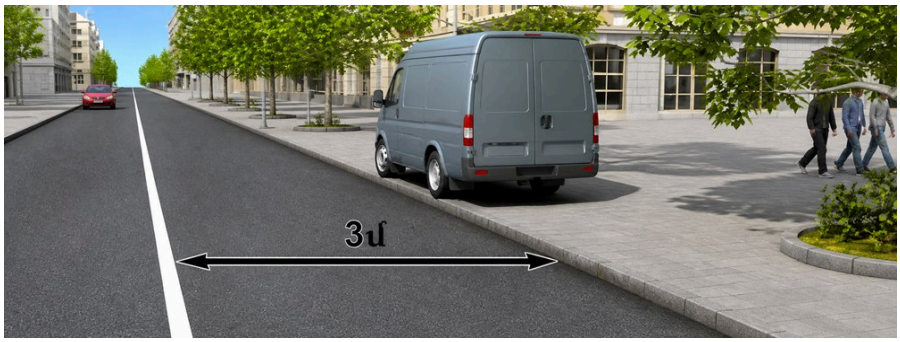


1. Before the pedestrian crossing.
2. **After the pedestrian crossing.**

Answer: 2

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73. Has the truck driver violated the stopping rules?



1. **Yes.**
2. No.

Answer: 1

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74. In the indicated situation, is stopping permitted for the purpose of picking up a passenger?

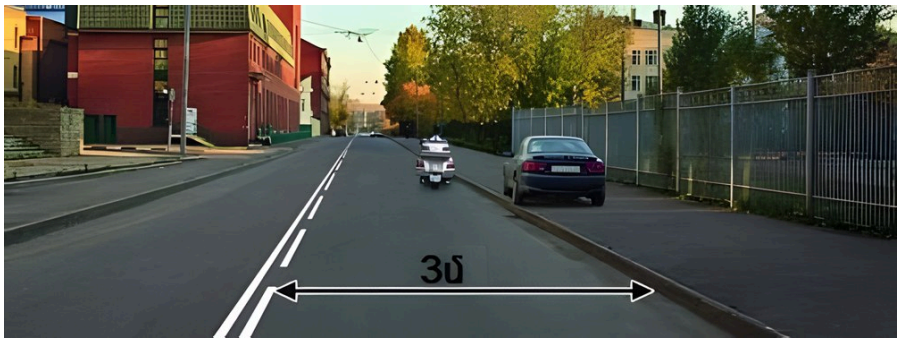


1. Yes.
2. **Permitted only for the driver of a public transit vehicle.**
3. No.

Answer: 2

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75. Which driver has violated the parking rules?

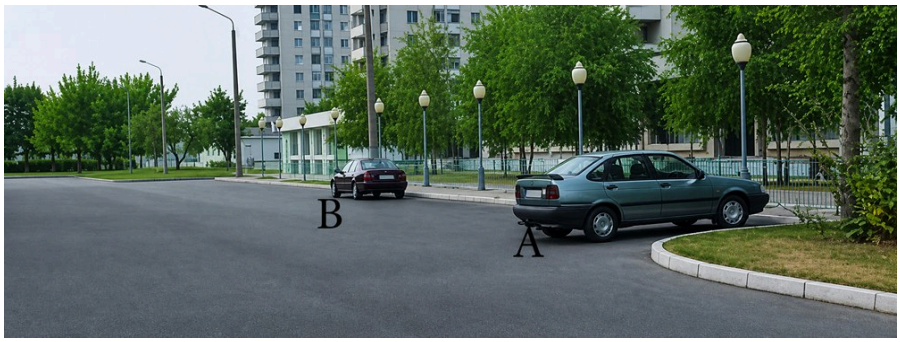


1. Both drivers.
2. **Only the passenger-car driver.**
3. Only the driver of the motorcycle.
4. No one.

Answer: 2

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76. Which option shows a driver parked in a prohibited position?

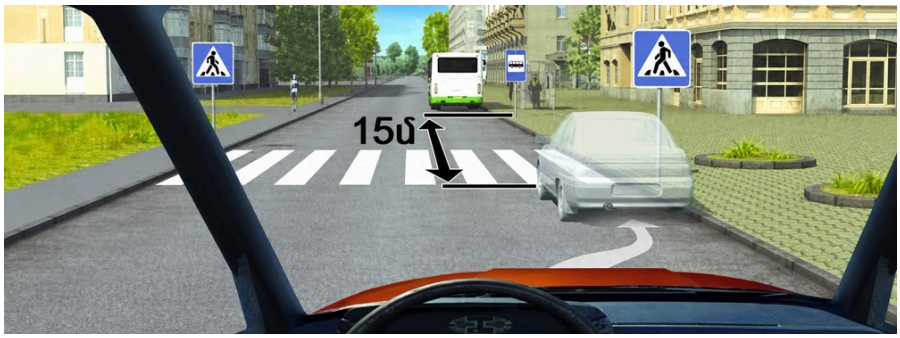


1. **Only A.**
2. Only B.

Answer: 1

---

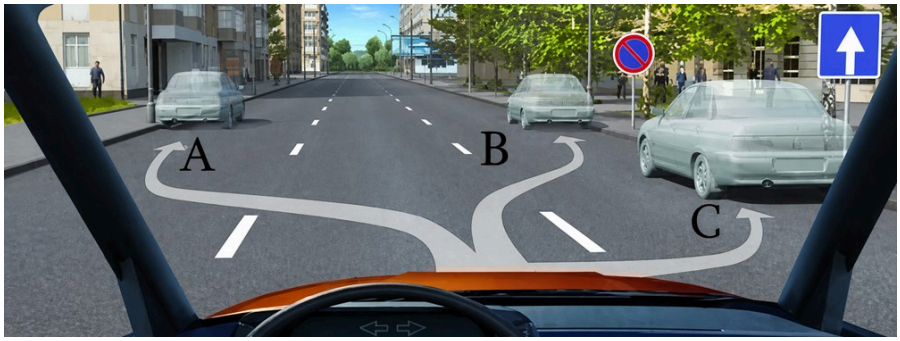
77. Is stopping permitted at the indicated location?



1. Only for the purpose of dropping off a passenger.
2. **Prohibited.**

Answer: 2

78. At which of the indicated locations is parking permitted?



1. Only A.
2. Only C.
3. **A or C.**

Answer: 3

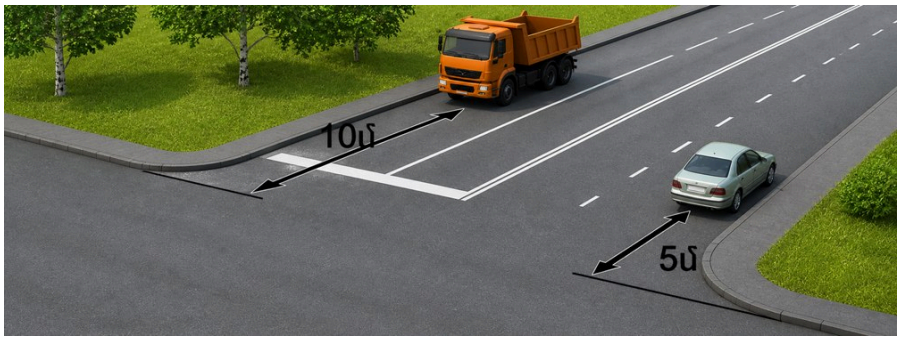
79. Is stopping permitted at the indicated location?



1. **No.**
2. Yes.

Answer: 1

80. Who has violated the stopping rules?

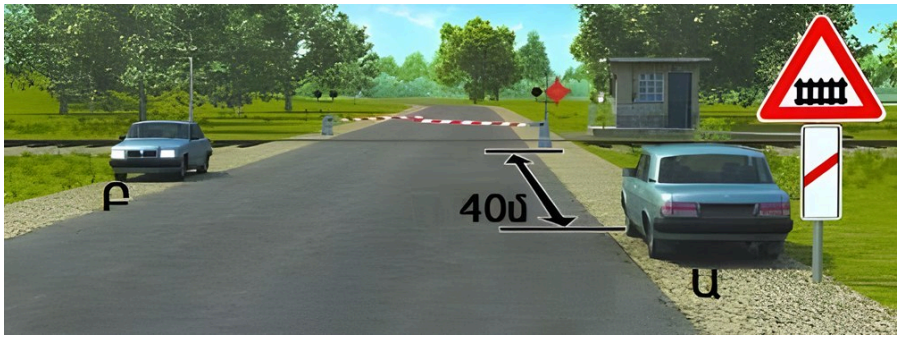


1. Both drivers.
2. **Only the truck driver.**
3. Only the passenger-car driver.
4. No one.

Answer: 2

---

81. In which case has the driver violated the stopping rules?

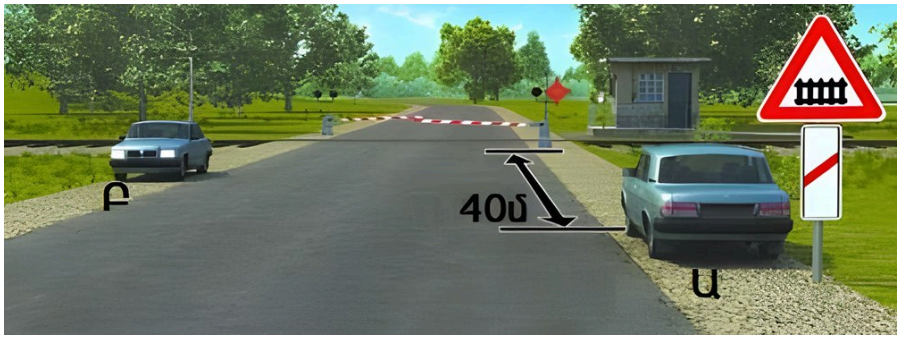


1. Only A.
2. Only B.
3. **Neither driver.**
4. Both drivers have violated the rules.

Answer: 3

---

82. In which case has the driver violated the parking rules?



1. Only A.
2. Only B.
3. **Both drivers have violated the rules.**
4. Neither driver.

Answer: 3

---

83. Is parking permitted at the indicated location?



1. **Prohibited.**
2. Permitted.

Answer: 1

84. Is stopping on the bridge permitted for the purpose of picking up a passenger?



1. Yes.
2. **No.**

Answer: 2

85. Which driver has violated the stopping rules?



1. The automobile driver.
2. The driver of the motorcycle.
3. **Both drivers.**
4. No one.

Answer: 3

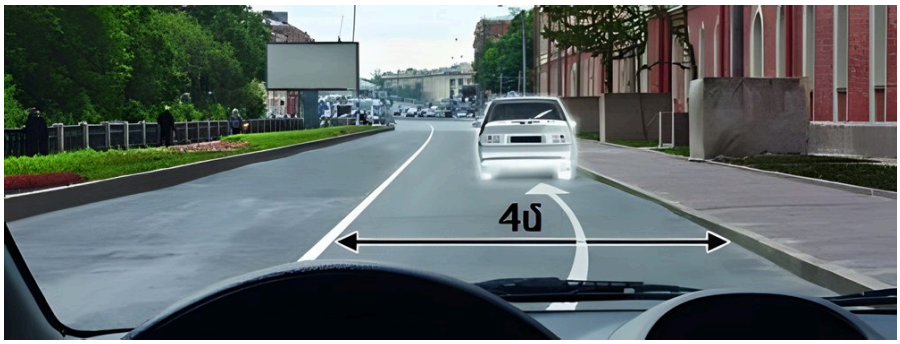
86. Which driver has stopped correctly?



1. **Only C.**
2. B or C.
3. All drivers.

Answer: 1

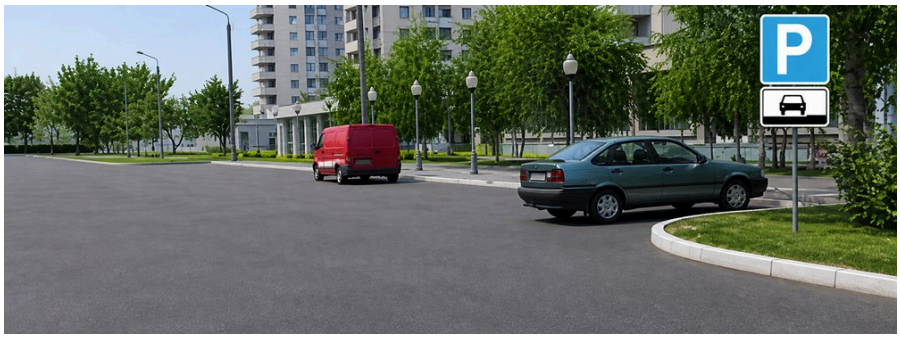
87. Is stopping permitted at the indicated location?



1. Yes.
2. **No.**

Answer: 2

88. Which driver has violated the parking rules?



1. The truck driver.
2. **The passenger-car driver.**
3. No one.
4. Both drivers.

Answer: 2

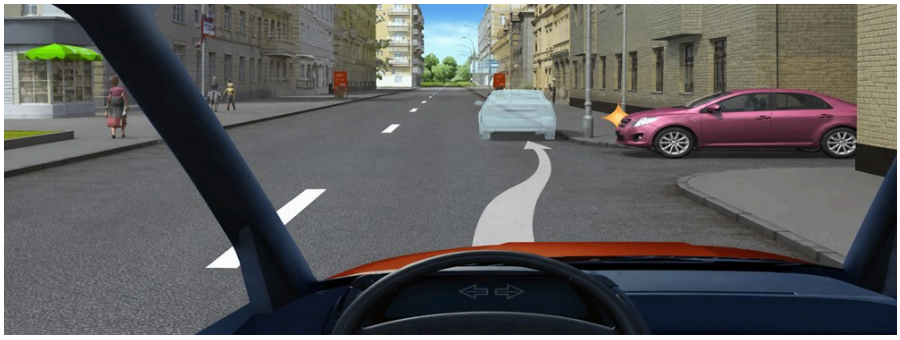
89. Is the driver of a truck weighing less than 3.5 metric tons permitted to park in the manner indicated on the supplemental plaque?



1. Yes.
2. No.

Answer: 2

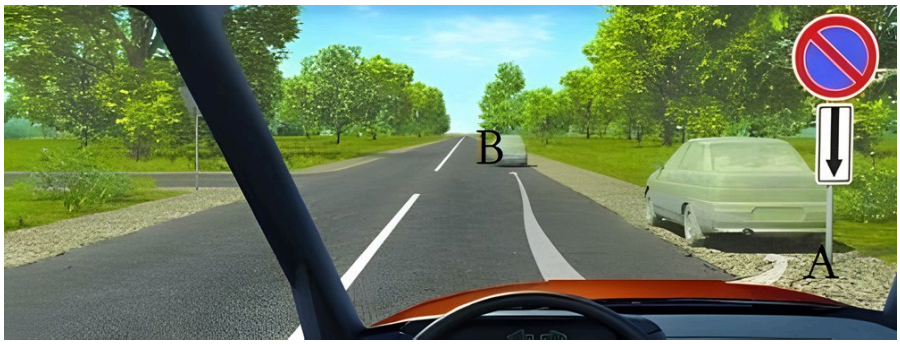
90. Is stopping permitted at the indicated location?



1. Yes.
2. No.

Answer: 2

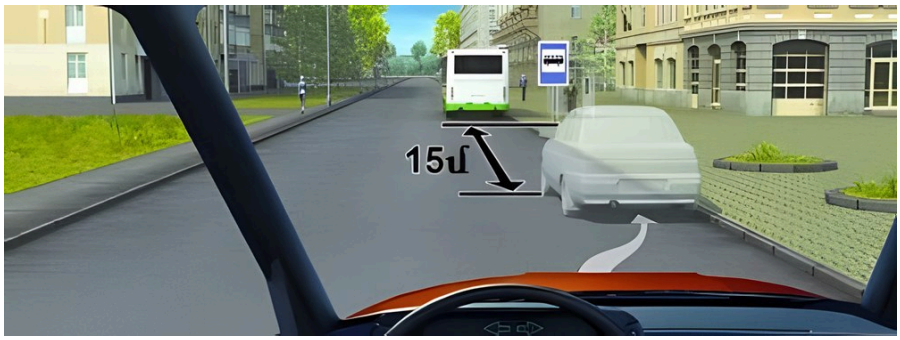
91. At which of the indicated locations is stopping permitted?



1. Only A.
2. Only B.
3. At any of the locations.

Answer: 1

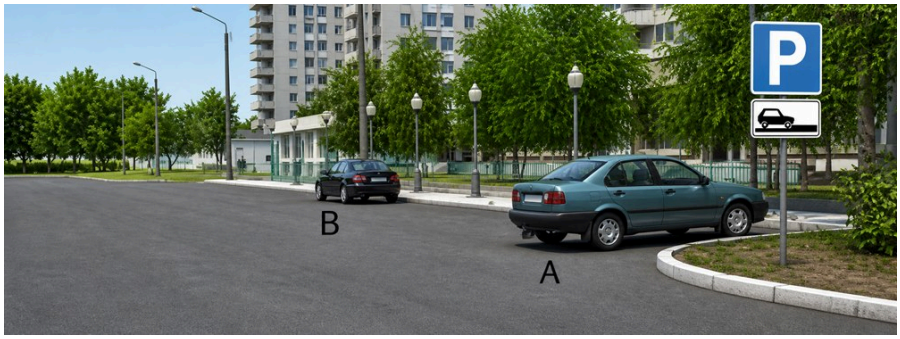
92. Parking at the indicated location is:



1. **Permitted.**
2. Prohibited.

Answer: 1

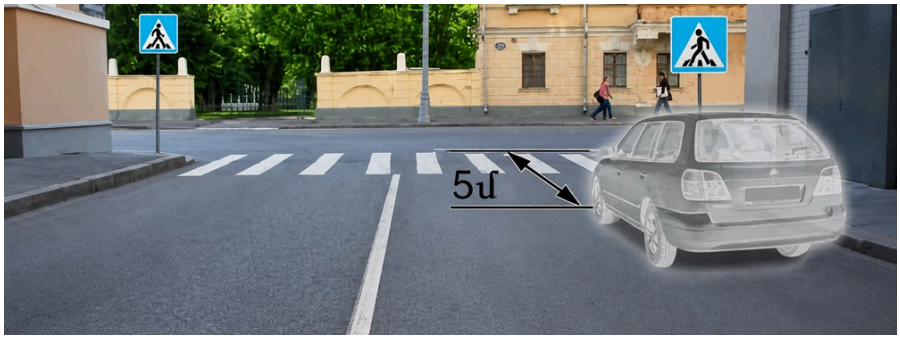
93. Which driver has violated the parking rules?



1. Only A.
2. **Only B.**
3. No one.

Answer: 2

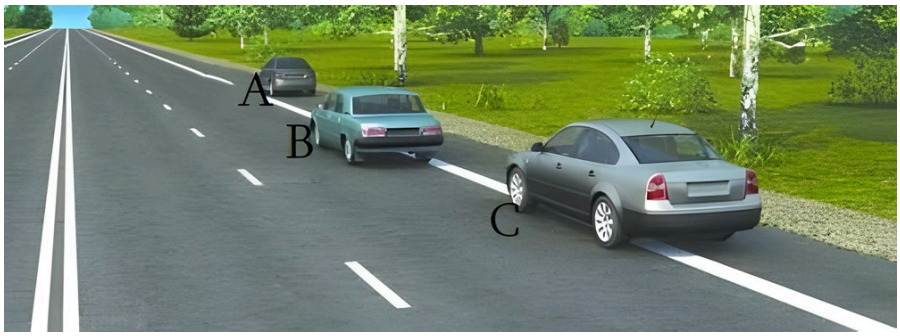
94. Stopping at the indicated location is:



1. Permitted.
2. Permitted for the purpose of picking up a passenger.
3. **Prohibited.**

Answer: 3

95. **Which driver has violated the stopping rules?**

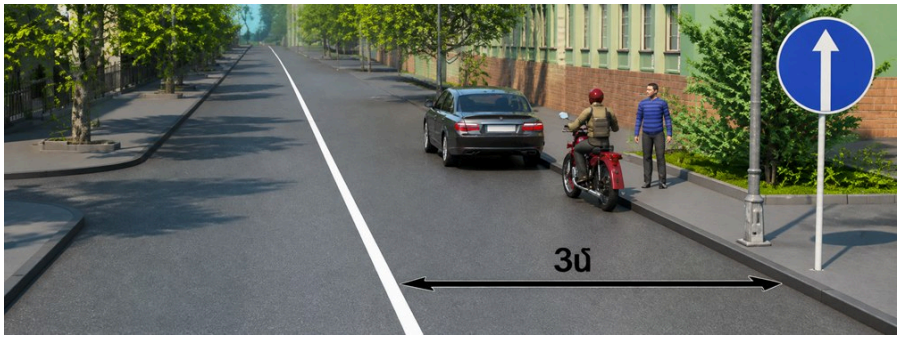


1. Only B.
2. **Only B and C.**
3. All of them.

Answer: 2

---

96. **Are the drivers permitted to stop at the indicated location?**

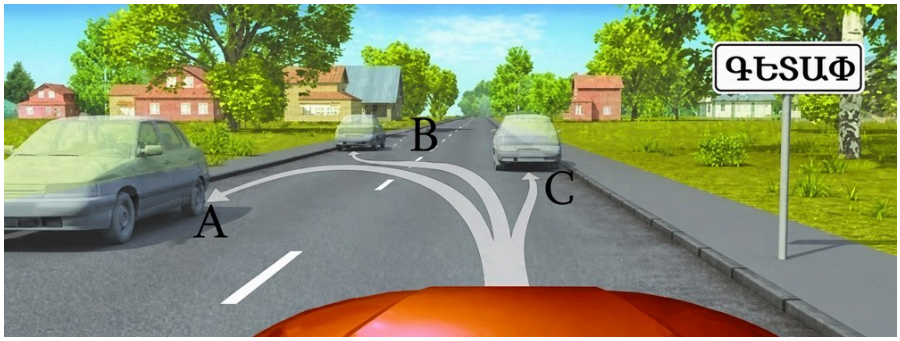


1. Yes.
2. Only the driver of the motorcycle.
3. **No.**

Answer: 3

---

97. **In which of the indicated cases is stopping permitted?**



1. Only C.
2. Only B and C.
3. **In all cases.**

Answer: 3

---

98. **Is stopping in this position permitted?**



1. Yes.
2. Only for passenger cars.
3. **No.**

Answer: 3

99. **Stopping at the indicated location is:**



1. Permitted.
2. Permitted if the distance from the vehicle to the pavement marking is more than 3 meters.
3. **Prohibited.**

Answer: 3

100. **This pavement marking indicates:**



1. Right-of-way when changing lanes.
2. Approach to a curved section of road.
3. **Approach to the end of the lane.**

Answer: 3

101. What does this pavement marking indicate?



1. Approach to the “Stop Line” at a signal-controlled intersection.
2. **Approach to the “Stop Line” pavement marking when it is used together with a “STOP” sign.**
3. Approach to a barrier gate.

Answer: 2

---

102. Vertical markings on barriers indicate:



1. Approach to a railroad crossing.
2. Approach to a dangerous intersection.
3. **Movement along a dangerous section of road.**

Answer: 3

---

103. This triangular pavement marking indicates:



1. Approach to a dangerous turn.
2. **Approach to a location where drivers must yield.**
3. Approach to a location where vehicles must stop.

Answer: 2

---

104. **These broken pavement markings within the intersection indicate:**



1. Permitted directions of traffic.
2. **Traffic lanes within the intersection.**

Answer: 2

105. **With this pavement marking, passing is:**



1. **Permitted.**
2. Prohibited.
3. Permitted only when passing tractors.

Answer: 1

106. **This vertical pavement marking:**



1. Marks all vertical elements adjacent to the roadway.
2. **Marks only those elements of road structures that present a hazard to drivers.**

Answer: 2

107. **With this pavement marking, may you enter the intersection if doing so does not interfere with the passenger-car driver?**

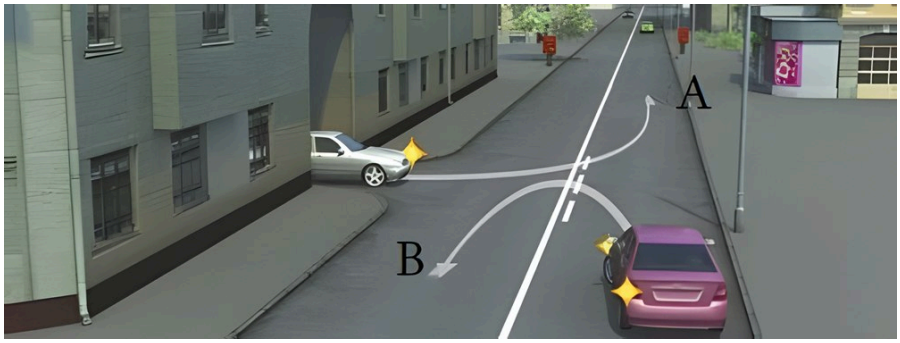


1. Yes.
2. **No.**

Answer: 2

---

108. **Which driver following the indicated path does not violate the pavement-marking requirements?**



1. Only A.
2. **Only B.**
3. Both violate the requirements.
4. Neither violates the requirements.

Answer: 2

---

109. **In which case is it permitted to cross the solid pavement marking?**



1. **Only B, when stopping.**
2. In neither case.
3. In both cases, when stopping.

Answer: 1

---

110. What does the broken pavement marking indicate?

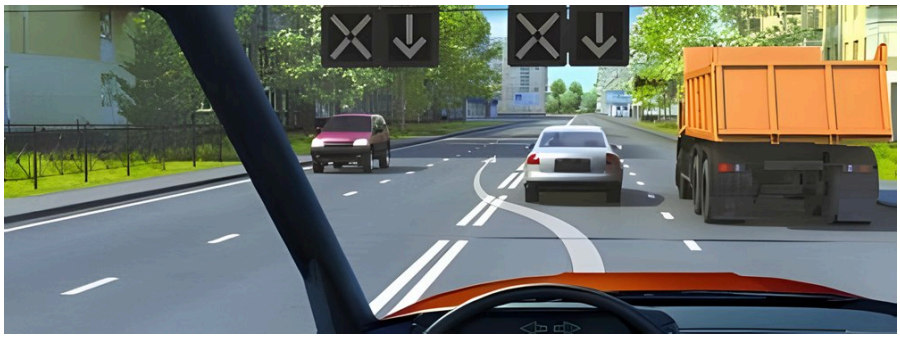


1. The right to stop on the shoulder.
2. **The edges of the roadway on a two-lane road.**
3. The right to proceed on the shoulder.

Answer: 2

---

111. In this situation, proceeding along this path is:



1. Permitted only when passing.
2. Permitted.
3. **Prohibited.**

Answer: 3

---

112. Is parking permitted at the indicated location?



1. Permitted.
2. Permitted without driving onto the sidewalk.
3. **Prohibited.**

Answer: 3

---

113. With this pavement marking, passing is:



1. Permitted.
2. Permitted if the vehicle ahead is a slow-moving vehicle.
3. **Prohibited.**

Answer: 3

114. May you continue beyond the sign?



1. Yes.
2. **Yes, up to the "Stop Line."**
3. No.

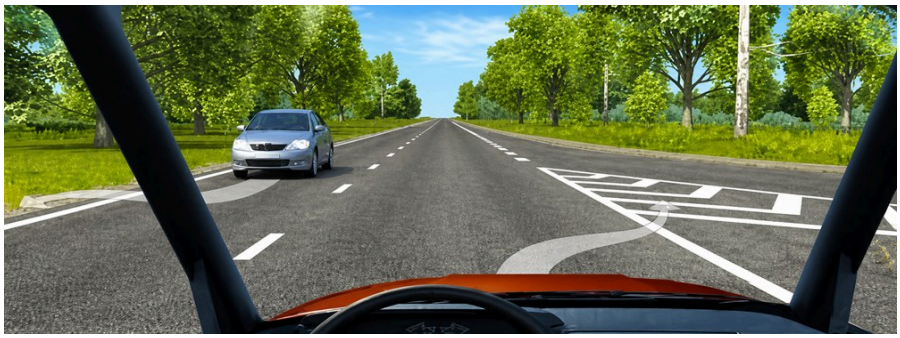
Answer: 2

115. When orange and white pavement markings conflict, drivers:

1. May follow whichever pavement marking is more convenient.
2. Must follow the white pavement marking.
3. **Must follow the orange pavement marking.**

Answer: 3

116. Which driver is permitted to cross the solid pavement marking when stopping?

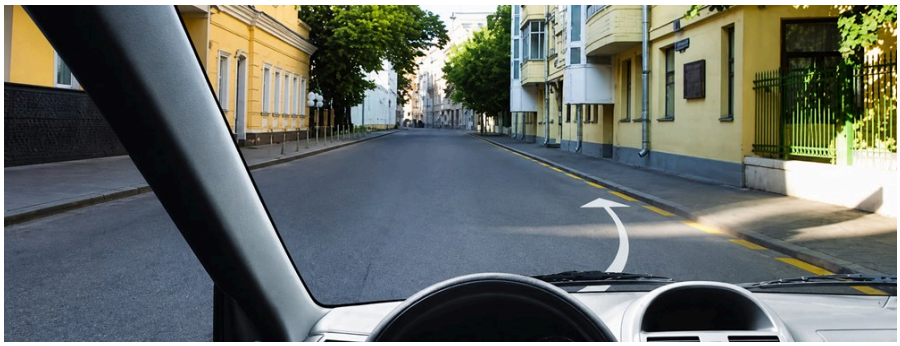


1. Both drivers.
2. **The driver proceeding from the opposite direction.**
3. Neither driver is permitted.

Answer: 2

---

117. Is stopping permitted at the indicated location?

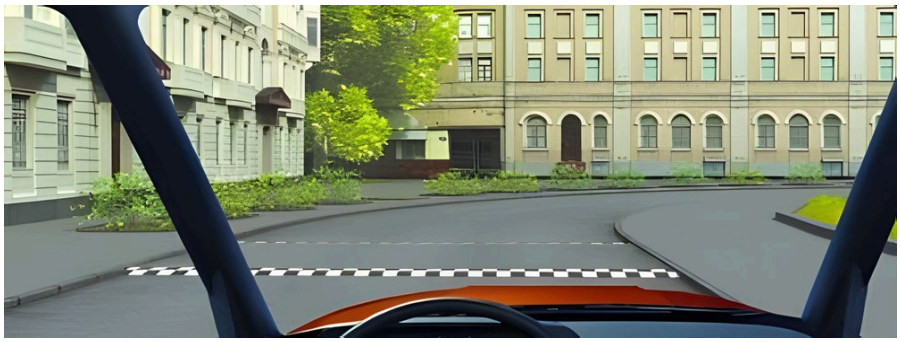


1. For motorcycles only.
2. No.
3. **Yes.**

Answer: 3

---

118. This pavement marking:



1. Indicates the boundaries of a Residential Zone.
2. **Indicates a speed hump.**
3. Prohibits further traffic.

Answer: 2

---

119. This pavement marking prohibits:



1. Passing.
2. Driving around an obstruction.
3. Making a U-turn.
4. **Traffic to the left of it or over it.**

Answer: 4

120. This pavement marking indicates:



1. The route or road number.
2. The recommended speed.
3. **The maximum permitted speed on the indicated road section.**

Answer: 3

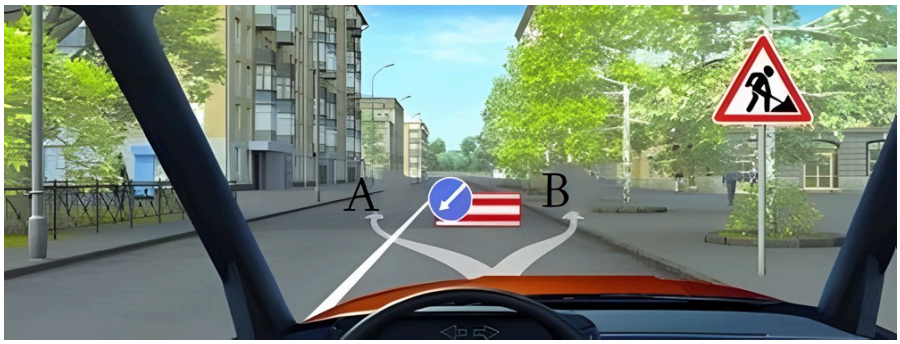
121. The marking applied to the roadway indicates:



1. The distance from the nearest intersection.
2. The distance from the nearest populated area.
3. **The road or route number.**

Answer: 3

122. On which side may the obstruction be passed?



1. **Only A.**
2. Only B.
3. Either side.

Answer: 1

---

123. Which vehicles may use the rightmost lane of this road?

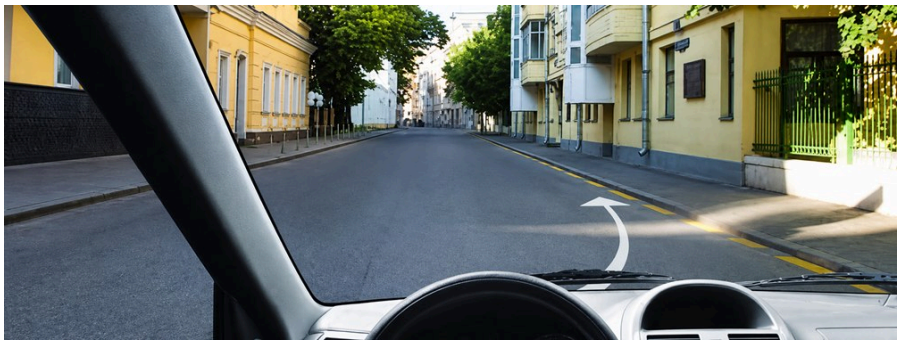


1. **Trolleybuses and public transit buses.**
2. Trolleybuses and buses.
3. Buses only.

Answer: 1

---

124. Is parking permitted at the indicated location?



1. **Prohibited.**
2. Only on the sidewalk.
3. Only for motorcycles.
4. Permitted.

Answer: 1

---

125. The increasing length of the broken pavement-marking segments indicates:



1. Approach to the end of the lane.
2. Approach to a dangerous road section.
3. **That the pavement marking will soon become a solid line.**

Answer: 3

126. In the indicated situation, proceeding straight ahead is:



1. Prohibited.
2. Permitted.
3. **Permitted after changing to the right lane.**

Answer: 3

127. How many traffic lanes does this road have?



1. Two.
2. **Four.**

Answer: 2